

Hexagonal

622

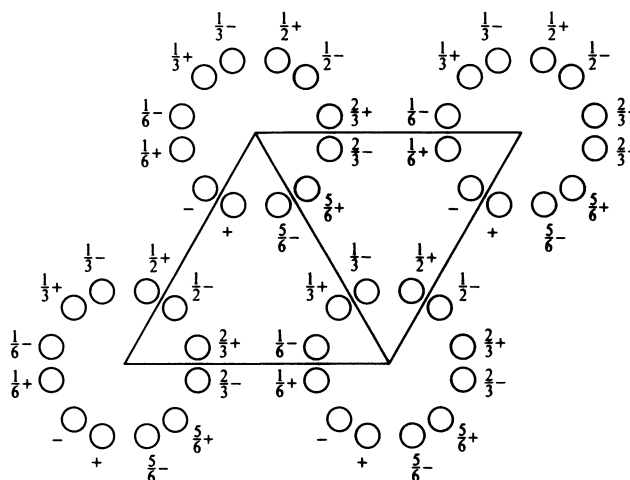
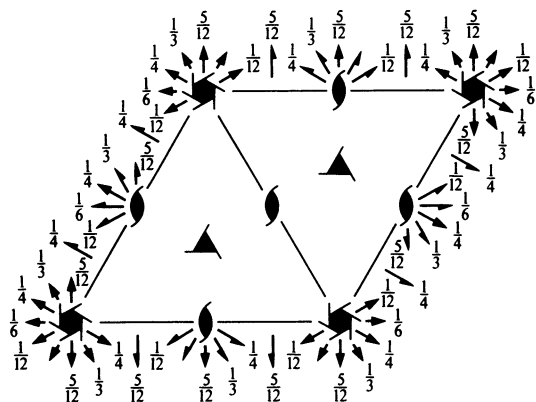
D_6^3

$P6_522$

Patterson symmetry $P6/mmm$

$P6_522$

No. 179



Origin on $2[100]$ at $6_5(2, 1, 1)$

Asymmetric unit $0 \leq x \leq 1; 0 \leq y \leq 1; 0 \leq z \leq \frac{1}{12}$
 Vertices $0, 0, 0$ $1, 0, 0$ $1, 1, 0$ $0, 1, 0$
 $0, 0, \frac{1}{12}$ $1, 0, \frac{1}{12}$ $1, 1, \frac{1}{12}$ $0, 1, \frac{1}{12}$

Symmetry operations

- (1) 1
- (2) $3^+(0, 0, \frac{2}{3})$ $0, 0, z$
- (3) $3^-(0, 0, \frac{1}{3})$ $0, 0, z$
- (4) $2(0, 0, \frac{1}{2})$ $0, 0, z$
- (5) $6^-(0, 0, \frac{1}{6})$ $0, 0, z$
- (6) $6^+(0, 0, \frac{5}{6})$ $0, 0, z$
- (7) 2 $x, x, \frac{1}{3}$
- (8) 2 $x, 0, 0$
- (9) 2 $0, y, \frac{1}{6}$
- (10) 2 $x, \bar{x}, \frac{1}{12}$
- (11) 2 $x, 2x, \frac{1}{4}$
- (12) 2 $2x, x, \frac{5}{12}$

Generators selected (1); $t(1, 0, 0)$; $t(0, 1, 0)$; $t(0, 0, 1)$; (2); (4); (7)

Positions

Multiplicity, Wyckoff letter, Site symmetry	Coordinates	Reflection conditions
12 <i>c</i> 1	(1) x, y, z (2) $\bar{y}, x - y, z + \frac{2}{3}$ (3) $\bar{x} + y, \bar{x}, z + \frac{1}{3}$ (4) $\bar{x}, \bar{y}, z + \frac{1}{2}$ (5) $y, \bar{x} + y, z + \frac{1}{6}$ (6) $x - y, x, z + \frac{5}{6}$ (7) $y, x, \bar{z} + \frac{2}{3}$ (8) $x - y, \bar{y}, \bar{z}$ (9) $\bar{x}, \bar{x} + y, \bar{z} + \frac{1}{3}$ (10) $\bar{y}, \bar{x}, \bar{z} + \frac{1}{6}$ (11) $\bar{x} + y, y, \bar{z} + \frac{1}{2}$ (12) $x, x - y, \bar{z} + \frac{5}{6}$	General: $000l: l = 6n$
6 <i>b</i> .. 2	$x, 2x, \frac{3}{4}$ $2\bar{x}, \bar{x}, \frac{5}{12}$ $x, \bar{x}, \frac{1}{12}$ $\bar{x}, 2\bar{x}, \frac{1}{4}$ $2x, x, \frac{11}{12}$ $\bar{x}, x, \frac{7}{12}$	Special: as above, plus $hh\bar{2}hl: l = 2n$ or $l = 3n + 1$ or $l = 3n + 2$
6 <i>a</i> . 2.	$x, 0, 0$ $0, x, \frac{2}{3}$ $\bar{x}, \bar{x}, \frac{1}{3}$ $\bar{x}, 0, \frac{1}{2}$ $0, \bar{x}, \frac{1}{6}$ $x, x, \frac{5}{6}$	$h\bar{h}0l: l = 2n$ or $l = 3n + 1$ or $l = 3n + 2$

Symmetry of special projections

Along $[001]$ $p6mm$ $\mathbf{a}' = \mathbf{a}$ $\mathbf{b}' = \mathbf{b}$ $\mathbf{a}' = \frac{1}{2}(\mathbf{a} + 2\mathbf{b})$ $\mathbf{b}' = \mathbf{c}$ $\mathbf{a}' = \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{b}$ $\mathbf{b}' = \mathbf{c}$
 Origin at $0, 0, z$ Origin at $x, 0, 0$ Origin at $x, \frac{1}{2}x, \frac{5}{12}$